

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations

INFACE PERFECTION Date of issue:29/03/2017 Revision date:03/05/2019 Supersedes: 13/06/2017 Version: 2.1

## SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER

Product code : MPPG/AL

1.2. Other means of identification

Other means of identification : Component of: PBF/KIT, ALWH/KIT, P38/KIT, BRKIT

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Primer

1.4. Supplier's details

Supplier

U-POL AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED
Unit A, 16 - 20 Cassola Place
Penrith, NSW 2750 - Australia
T 02 4731 2655 - F 02 4731 2611
info@u-pol.co.nz - www.u-pol.com.au

Supplier

U-POL NEW ZEALAND LIMITED
c/o Lindsay & Associates
Unit H, 12 Amera Place, East Tamaki
Manukau City 2013 - New Zealand
T + 612 4731 2655 - F + 612 4731 2611
technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : Australia (CHEMTREC): + (61) - 290372994 ; New Zealand (National Poisons Centre): 0800

764 766

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the hazardous chemical

Classification according to the model Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations)

Flammable aerosols, Category 1 H222
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 3 H316
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, H336

Category 3, Narcosis

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements (GHS AU)

Hazard pictograms (GHS AU)





Signal word (GHS AU) : Danger

Contains : ethyl methyl ketone (23 - 43 %); ethyl acetate (< 5 %); 1-butanol (< 5 %); n-butyl acetate (< 5

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

%)

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

H319 - Causes mild skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements (GHS AU) : P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305 - IF IN EYES: Rinse first with plenty of water and if necessary take medical advice P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

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Name	CAS-No.	%	Classification according to the model Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations)
ethyl methyl ketone ()	78-93-3	23 - 43	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 5 (Oral), H303 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
ethyl acetate ()	141-78-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336
1-butanol ()	71-36-3	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal), H313 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336
n-butyl acetate ()	123-86-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
Other substances (not contributing to the classification of this product)		100 - 100	

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs:

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical advice/attention. Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical

advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

## 4.2. Symptoms caused by exposure

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

General measures : Remove ignition sources. No open flames. No smoking.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. No open flames. No smoking.

## 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

## 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing smokes, spray, vapours.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Store away from other materials.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Avoid breathing fume, spray, vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Direct sunlight,

Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F, Heat sources, Ignition sources. Keep

container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.

Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters - exposure standards

ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)				
Australia	Local name	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (2-Butanone)		
Australia	TWA (mg/m³)	445 mg/m³		
Australia	TWA (ppm)	150 ppm		
Australia	STEL (mg/m³)	890 mg/m³		
Australia	STEL (ppm)	300 ppm		
New Zealand	Local name	Methyl ethyl ketone (2-Butanone) (MEK)		
New Zealand	TWA (mg/m³)	445 mg/m³		
New Zealand	TWA (ppm)	150 ppm		
New Zealand	STEL (mg/m³)	890 mg/m³		
New Zealand	STEL (ppm)	300 ppm		
New Zealand	Regulatory reference	Worplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 9th Edition		

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)			
Australia	Local name	n-Butyl acetate	
Australia	TWA (mg/m³)	713 mg/m³	
Australia	TWA (ppm)	150 ppm	
Australia	STEL (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
Australia	STEL (ppm)	200 ppm	
New Zealand	Local name	n-Butyl acetate	
New Zealand	TWA (mg/m³)	713 mg/m³	
New Zealand	TWA (ppm)	150 ppm	
New Zealand	STEL (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
New Zealand	STEL (ppm)	200 ppm	
New Zealand	Regulatory reference	Worplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 9th Edition	

1-butanol (71-36-3)		
Australia	Local name	n-Butyl alcohol (n-Butanol)
Australia	OEL - Ceilings (mg/m³)	152 mg/m³
Australia	OEL - Ceilings (ppm)	50 ppm
Australia	Remark (AU)	Sk - Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

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1-butanol (71-36-3)		
New Zealand	Local name	n-Butyl alcohol
New Zealand	Remark (NZ)	skin (Skin absorption)
New Zealand	lew Zealand Regulatory reference Worplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 9th Edition	

ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
Australia	Local name	Ethyl acetate (Acetic acid ethyl ester; Acetic ester)	
Australia	TWA (mg/m³)	720 mg/m³	
Australia	TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
Australia	STEL (mg/m³)	1440 mg/m³	
Australia	STEL (ppm)	400 ppm	
New Zealand	Local name	Ethyl acetate	
New Zealand	TWA (mg/m³)	720 mg/m³	
New Zealand	TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
New Zealand	Regulatory reference	Worplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices, 9th Edition	

### **Exposure limit values for the other components**

#### 8.2. Monitoring

No additional information available

#### 8.3. Appropriate engineering controls

No additional information available

### 8.4. Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing : Impermeable clothing
Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses
Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is

recommended

Personal protective equipment symbol(s)







Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance :

Aerosol.

Colour : No data available : No data available Odour Odour threshold No data available рΗ : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Melting point / Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available : No data available Flash point Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

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Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : Density : 0.731 g/cm³

Solubility : insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.

Log Pow : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : ≈

Explosive properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available
Minimum ignition energy : No data available

VOC content : 624 g/l

VOC content - Regulatory : No data available Gas group : Press. Gas (Liq.)

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Chemical stability : Not established.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Not established.

Conditions to avoid : Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition products : fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)				
LD50 oral rat	2193 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male/female, Readacross, Oral)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)			
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)				
LD50 oral rat	10760 - 12789 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value, Oral)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male/female, Experimental value, Dermal)			
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	390 ppm/4h			
LC50 inhalation rat (Vapours - mg/l/4h)	> 21 mg/l/4h (4 h, OECD Test Guideline 403, rat, vapours)			
1-butanol (71-36-3)				
LD50 oral rat	2292 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	3430 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)			
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)				
LD50 oral rat	10200 mg/kg bodyweight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg bodyweight (24 hour cuff method, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)			

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified

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Vaporizer	Aerosol
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

According to the National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets, Environmental classification information is not mandatory. Information relevant for GHS classification is available on request

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Acute aquatic toxicity : Not classified Chronic aquatic toxicity : Not classified

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

one information	. Avoid release to the environment.	
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)		
LC50 fish 1	2993 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	308 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
ErC50 (algae)	1972 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
Log Pow	0.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 40 °C)	
Log Koc	1.53 (log Koc, Calculated value)	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
LC50 fish 1	18 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
LC50 fish 2	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	44 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia sp., Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l	
BCF fish 1	15.3 (Calculated value)	
Log Pow	2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Log Koc	1.268 - 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)	
1-butanol (71-36-3)		
LC50 fish 1	1376 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1328 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	4.1 mg/l	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3.16 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)	
Log Pow	1 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Log Koc	0.388 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)		
LC50 fish 1	230 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	154 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature)	
BCF fish 1	30 (3 day(s), Leuciscus idus, Static system, Experimental value)	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Log Pow

ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER			
Persistence and degradability	Not established.		
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)			
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.		
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.03 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.31 g O₂/g substance		
ThOD	2.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)			
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.		

0.68 (Experimental value, EPA OPPTS 830.7560, 25 °C)

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Thotal   Process   Proc	coording to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations			
Decidence   Characteristics	n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)			
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradabile in water.  Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 2.46 g 0.0g aubstance Chemical oxygen demand (COD) 2.59 g 0.0g substance BOD (% of ThOD) 3.3 - 0.79  Persistence and degradability Biodegradabile in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.  Botchemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.82 g 0.0g substance Persistence and degradability Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.  Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.82 g 0.0g substance Chemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.82 g 0.0g substance Chemical oxygen demand (BOD) 1.82 g 0.0g substance 1.82 g 0.0g substance 1.83 g 0.0g substance 1.85 g 0.0g substance 1	ThOD	2.21 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Persistence and degradability   Readily bloodgradable in water.	BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46		
Biochemical oxygen demand (COD)	1-butanol (71-36-3)			
Chemical axygen demand (COD)	Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.		
### DOD (% of ThOD)  ### acetate (141-78-6)  ### acetate (141-78-6)  ### acetate (141-78-6)  ### Persistence and degradability  ### Biodegradabile in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.  ### Biochemical oxygen demand (POD)  ### Dog Oyg substance  ### Biocaccumulative potential  ### Biocaccumulative potential  ### Biocaccumulative potential  ### Biocaccumulative potential  ### Dog Pow  ### See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  ### Dog Pow  ### Dog Dog Oyg See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  ### Dog Pow  ### Dog Dog Dog Oyg See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  ### Dog Pow  ### Dog	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.1 - 1.92 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
### ### #### ########################	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.46 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability December and Exposer demand (BOD) Design 3 Qu/g substance ThroD 1.89 g Ou/g substance ThroD 1.82 g Ou/g substance 1.2.3 Bioaccumulative potential  ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER Bioaccumulative potential  ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER Bioaccumulative potential  Not established.  ###################################	ThOD	2.59 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Persistence and degradability   Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.   Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)   0.283 g O <sub>x</sub> /g substance   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g substance   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g	BOD (% of ThOD)	0.33 - 0.79		
Persistence and degradability   Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.   Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)   0.283 g O <sub>x</sub> /g substance   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g substance   ThOD   1.89 g O <sub>x</sub> /g	ethyl acetate (141-78-6)			
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)   1.89 g Oy/g substance		Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.		
1.89 g Oylg substance	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)			
ThOD   1.82 g Oylg substance				
ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER				
Bioaccumulative potential   Not established.	12.3 Rioaccumulative notential			
Bioaccumulative potential   Not established.				
tethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3) Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Flah See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Roc See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Roc See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Roc See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Potential See Section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Potential See See See See See See See See See Se		Not actablished		
Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc Sees section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Poblic Pish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Poblic Pish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Log Kow < 4).  **Poblic Pish 2 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative organisms 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  **Bioaccumulative potential Complex See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Bioaccumulative potential Complex See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Bioaccumulative potential Complex See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology  **Log	'	Not established.		
Deg Koc   See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology				
Bioaccumulative potential   Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)         See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology           BCF fish 1         See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology           Log Fow         See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology           Boaccumulative potential         Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		Ç,		
See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  1-butanol (71-36-3) BCF other aquatic organisms 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  4thyl acetate (141-78-6) BCF fish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  4thyl acetate (141-78-6) BCF fish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  12.4. Mobility in soil  4thyl methyl ketone (78-93-3) Surface tension O.024 N/m (20 °C) Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Foc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Ecology - soil Highly mobile in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.  4thyl acetate (141-78-6) Surface tension O.024 N/m (20 °C) See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Surface tension Soc AV N/m (20 °C) See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology	n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)			
Deg Koc   See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology				
Bioaccumulative potential   Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		<del>-</del>		
1-butanol (71-36-3)		<del>-</del>		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1 Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  ethyl acetate (141-78-6) BCF fish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  BCF fish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  BCF fish 1 See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  12.4. Mobility in soil  ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)  Surface tension 0.0.24 N/m (20 °C) Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Ecology - soil Highly mobile in soil. Slightly harmful to plants.  n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)  Surface tension 0.0.163 N/m (20 °C) Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Log Koc See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Ecology - soil Low potential for adsorption in soil.  1-butanol (71-36-3) Surface tension 0.0.07 N/m (20 °C, 1 g/l, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions) Log Pow See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology Ecology - soil Highly mobile in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.  ethyl acetate (141-78-6) Surface tension 0.0.24 N/m (20 °C) See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology	1-butanol (71-36-3)			
Deg Koc   See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology	BCF other aquatic organisms 1	See section 12.1 on ecotoxicology		
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	Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.		

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## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified

Other adverse effects : No additional information available

ISOPON MULTI-PURPOSE PRIMER		
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False	
ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)		
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False	
1-butanol (71-36-3)		
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False	
ethyl acetate (141-78-6)		
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	False	

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

UN-No. (ADG) : 1950 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950 UN-No. (IATA) : 1950

## 14.2. Proper Shipping Name - Addition

Proper Shipping Name (ADG) : AEROSOLS
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : AEROSOLS

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, flammable

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

### ADG

Transport hazard class(es) (ADG) : 2.1
Danger labels (ADG) : 2.1

.



## IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 2.1
Danger labels (IMDG) : 2.1



## IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 2.1 Hazard labels (IATA) : 2.1

:



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14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant : No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Specific storage requirement : No data available
Shock sensitivity : No data available

14.7. Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available

Transport by road and rail

UN-No. (ADG) : 1950

Special provision (ADG) : 63, 190, 227, 327, 334

Limited quantities (ADG) : See SP 277
Packing instructions (ADG) : P207, LP02
Special packing provisions (ADG) : PP87, L2

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1950

Special provisions (IMDG) : 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959

Limited quantities (IMDG) : SP277

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E0

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P207, LP02

Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP87, L2

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-D - FIRE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE GASES

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Uniform - GASES (FLAMMABLE, TOXIC OR CORROSIVE)

Stowage category (IMDG) : None

Air transport

: 1950 UN-No. (IATA) PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E0 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y203 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 30kgG PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 203 PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 75kg CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 203 CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 150kg

Special provisions (IATA) : A145, A167, A802

ERG code (IATA) : 10L

14.8. Hazchem or Emergency Action Code

Hazchemcode : Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Covered by The Standard for the Uniform : This chemical is covered by

Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

: This chemical is covered by the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Relevant Poisons Schedule number : Schedule 5

**Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act** 

HSNO Approval Number : HSR002515 Group standard : Aerosols

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#### International agreements

No additional information available

## **SECTION 16: Any other relevant information**

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE Data sources

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Revision date : 03/05/2019 Other information : None.

Classification:

Flam. Aerosol 1	H222
Skin Irrit. 3	H316
STOT SE 3	H336

### Full text of H-statements:

ruli lext of H-statements.		
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 5 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 5	
Acute Tox. 5 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 5	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	
Flam. Aerosol 1	Flammable aerosols, Category 1	
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 3	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 3	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H303	May be harmful if swallowed	
H313	May be harmful in contact with skin	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

### SDS Australia U-POL

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